



Index

Courgette Introduction 5 24 Winter Squash Our vision Orange varieties 26 Cucumber 8 Green and grey varieties 28 Eggplant 9 Legumes Sweet & Hot Pepper Broad Bean 29 Blocky Pepper Dwarf French Bean 10 30 Pointed Sweet Pepper Dwarf Flat Bean 12 32 Snack Pepper Climbing Bean 13 33 Miscellaneous legumes Hot Pepper 14 34 Pepper Rootstock 15 Rocket 35 Tomato Other Crops 36 Cherry Tomato 16 Flower Mixtures Snack Tomato 18 38 Cocktail Tomato 20 Resistance 40 Plum Tomato 21 2025 Product Range 42 Round Tomato 22 Terms and Conditions 47

23

Beefsteak Tomato

De Bolster wants to protect our planet. This is why we use paper that contributes to the maintenance of forests, uses less water and energy in its production process, and involves less $\rm CO_2$ emissions. This catalogue was printed on Rebello, a 100% recycled paper certified by the FSC and Blue Angel which also bears the EU Eco label and has a score of 91 ('Excellent') on the WWF Paper Scorecard.









Introduction

Dear customer,

For 2024, we decided not to launch a new catalogue. However, with the many new varieties we introduced in the meantime, it was obvious that we wanted to release one for 2025.

Our latest efforts in new crops such as eggplant and wild rocket are only two examples of all the novelties we have added to the De Bolster range. The introduction of 'BB SEG 0741 F1', our new eggplant for heated greenhouse production, became a leading variety straight away. With 'BB SEG 1082 F1', we launched a counterpart for cold greenhouse production that is particularly strong against Fusarium and Verticillium. Our new organic wild rocket varieties, 'Rochelle' and 'Roxanne', are strong against bolting and have good intermediate resistance to downy mildew.

At De Bolster, we draw on a long history in breeding tomatoes. Traits such as good flavour and shelf life were always at the forefront. Additionally, the goal of successful production with plants on their own roots (ungrafted), even under difficult growing conditions and

On behalf of the De Bolster team.

Kind regards,



Frank Vosselman Managing Director



Maarten Vrensen
Commercial Director

with limited fertilisation, was a key focus. This resulted in many successful varieties, such as 'Bartelly F1' or 'Bolstar Baloe F1', to name a few, but also our recently introduced OP varieties in cherry and cocktail tomatoes.

With the introduction of a snack ('BOL-T-5109 F1'), cocktail ('BOL-T-5302 F1') and Midi San Marzano ('BOL-T-5505 F1') variety with very good intermediate resistance to Phytophthora infestans (late blight), we take an important next step in the unheated cultivation of organic tomatoes. These new, strong varieties make it possible to successfully finish the season with a healthy and productive crop or even to grow organic tomatoes outdoors. You can recognise these new varieties by a special label.

In winter squash, one of our main crops, we offer new green varieties from our breeding. We are also pleased to introduce our new breeding successes in the orange type: 'BOL-P-5106 F1' with excellent storability and 'BOL-P-5110 F1' with exquisite taste and good storability and yield performance.

Without the input and valuable feedback from you, our customers, all our work in achieving these new breeding successes would not have been possible. Therefore, whether it is in the field, at trade fairs or on your premises, we look forward to keeping in touch with you. This allows us to continue to gather crucial information about your experiences and expertise, as well as the needs and latest developments in organic production.

It goes without saying that you're always very welcome to visit De Bolster throughout the year, but especially during our open days in week 39, where you will have the best view of our extensive organic range.

It is our aim to work on 100% organic seeds together with you. And it is our strong belief that this is the best and the only sustainable way for the producers, for the consumers and for the planet.



Annemarie Kruize Sales Manager



Our vision

Welcome to De Bolster

organic seeds for growers' success

We dream of a world with future-proof agriculture. Healthy for producers, consumers and the planet. That is why De Bolster wants to support growers with 100% organic seed and the very best varieties for a successful crop.

With a company history of over 40 years, De Bolster specialises in breeding and producing organic seeds. We grow more than 330 varieties of vegetables, herbs, flowers and green manures, all under our own in-house management at several locations worldwide. Efficiency and quality run through every aspect of our operations, in order to guarantee our customers high quality seeds that are 100% certified organic, GMO-free and delivered on time.

Certified seeds



All our seeds are organically produced in compliance with Regulation (EC) 834/2007. De Bolster is registered with SKAL Biocontrole under number 019678 and certified for production, cleaning, packaging and distribution of organic seeds.

Organic breeding



We cross-breed and select certain species under extreme growing conditions, with low-level fertiliser and a minimum amount of water. That is how we breed robust, tasty varieties that are productive and have a good shelf life.

100% GMO-free



De Bolster opposes the use of genetic modification. In our company we only use traditional breeding techniques. All our varieties are 100% GMO-free.

No patents on seeds



De Bolster is against patents on genes which occur freely in nature. We believe that natural features should not be patented by companies, but should remain freely accessible to everyone. This is necessary in order to allow new varieties to be developed freely and without hindrance by any company.

Cucumber

The cucumber programme is taking off and varieties are establishing a position in the market. Our aim is to develop a good package of cucumber varieties for organic cultivation in heated and unheated greenhouses: robust cucumbers that have good yields under organic conditions with good resistance to viruses and fungi such as powdery mildew.







Darwin F1

Cucumber

This vigorous cucumber stands out for its resistance to a large number of diseases including cucumber green mottle mosaic virus (CGMMV) and powdery mildew (Px). 'Darwin F1' performs best as a summer crop in heated greenhouses. Take 1.25 plants per m² as a basis for a traditional crop and 2.4 plants per m² for a high-wire crop. The uniform, dark green fruits grow to 30-34 cm in length.

- Very vigorous plant
- Uniform fruits
- Resistant to many diseases

Eden F1

Cucumber

'Eden F1' is the perfect variety for cucumber growers with unheated greenhouses. The plants stay strong and healthy under these conditions and also have good resistance to leaf fungi such as downy mildew (Pcu) and powdery mildew (Px). 'Eden F1' produces attractive, slightly ribbed fruits that are 35-45 cm in length.

- Strong, healthy plant
- For unheated cultivation
- Good disease resistance

Kaikura F1

Snack cucumber

Crisp, tasty snack cucumbers measuring 5-8 cm in length and weighing 30-35 g. The variety can be grown throughout the season and is particularly suitable for unheated cultivation. The slender plants have an open habit with short internodes and can be planted close together. Each plant produces 3-5 fruits per leaf axil and the harvest period is 6-8 weeks, so two crop cycles per season are recommended.

- Crisp, tasty fruits
- Fast yielding
- Can be grown in an unheated greenhouse throughout the season



| Article | Variety | Plant | | | Fruit | Cultivation | |
|---------|------------|-------|--------------------------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|
| | | Туре | Resistance* (HR) | (IR) | Weight | Heated | Unheated |
| 1431 | Darwin F1 | LET | Ccu / CGMMV / CMV / CVYV | Px | 30-34 cm | • | • |
| 1432 | Eden F1 | LET | Ccu / CVYV | Px / Pcu | 35-45 cm | | • |
| 1438 | Kaikura F1 | Snack | Ccu | Px | 5-8 cm | | • |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41

Eggplant Solanum melongena

The eggplant programme is developing rapidly. Only two years after the first trials we got one of the standard varieties for organic heated greenhouse production. For unheated greenhouses, we developed a high-yielding variety that is strong against Verticillium and Fusarium.





BB SEG 0741 F1

Eggplant

This early, half-long eggplant offers a high regular yield. The uniform, firm fruits are of high quality and offer a good shelf life. The vigorous and sturdy plant has strong side shoots. Suitable for heated organic greenhouses.

BB SEG 1082 F1

Eggplant

A variety that is strong against Verticillium and Fusarium. This early, half-long eggplant has a high yield of uniform, firm fruits that are of high quality. The plant is spineless and has big leaves that cover the fruits, thus retaining their colour. Suitable for outdoor and tunnel cultivation.

| Article | Variety | | Plant | Cultivation | |
|---------|----------------|-----|-------|-------------|----------|
| | | | Туре | Heated | Unheated |
| 1026 | BB SEG 0741 F1 | NEW | Oval | • | |
| 1024 | BB SEG 1082 F1 | NEW | Oval | | • |

Blocky Pepper Capsicum annuum

De Bolster blocky peppers are specially developed for organic cultivation. Our varieties perform very well when grown in soil, even under low fertiliser conditions.

De Bolster offers a wide range of blocky pepper varieties for organic cultivation, along with pointed sweet peppers, snack peppers and hot chilli peppers.







Olly F1
Blocky Pepper

Red blocky pepper with plenty of vigour and excellent, rapid colouration. The fruits weigh around 180-200 g and are deliciously sweet.

- Robust plant
- Very fast colouration
- Sweet flavour

Elsa F1

Blocky Pepper

Yellow blocky pepper with short, stocky plants and fruits that colour quite rapidly. The fruits are attractively block-shaped, weigh 200-220 g and have a lovely, sweet flavour.

- Short, stocky plants
- Fairly fast colouration
- Lovely flavour

Ilyn F1 Blocky Pepper

Orange blocky pepper with plenty of vigour and fast colouration. The fruits have a weight of 180-200 g and an excellent taste.

- Robust plants
- Fast colouration
- Excellent flavour



| Article | Variety | Plant | | | Fruit | | |
|---------|----------|------------------|-------------|------------|---------------|----------|-----------|
| | | Resistance* (HR) | Plant habit | Earliness | Colour | Size | Weight |
| 1621 | Olly F1 | Tm:0-2 | Robust | Very early | Red | 75-80 mm | 180-200 g |
| 1622 | Elsa F1 | Tm:0-3 | Short | Early | Yellow | 80-85 mm | 200-220 g |
| 1619 | llyn F1 | Tm:0-2 | Robust | Early | Orange | 70-80 mm | 180-200 g |
| 1623 | Lilo F1 | Tm:0-2 | Short | Slow | Purple, Red | 75-80 mm | 170-190 g |
| 1618 | Waldo F1 | Tm:0 | Short | Early | White, Yellow | 70-80 mm | 160-170 g |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41



Lilo F1

Blocky Pepper

Unique, purple-coloured blocky pepper with fruits that ripen through to dark red. 'Lilo' has a heavy, short cropping season. The fruits weigh about 170-190 g and have a taste comparable to green blocky pepper.

- Short cropping season
- Unique, purple colour
- Green flesh



Waldo F1

Blocky Pepper

High-yielding blocky pepper with bright white fruits weighing 160-170 g. For the best white colour and fresh flavour, the attractive blocky fruits should be harvested unripe.

- Compact plants
- White: fresh flavour
- Yellow: sweet flavour



Pointed Sweet Pepper

Capsicum annuum

De Bolster pointed sweet peppers are specially developed for organic cultivation. Our varieties perform very well when grown in soil, even under low fertiliser conditions.

De Bolster offers a wide range of pointed sweet pepper varieties for organic cultivation, along with blocky peppers, snack peppers and hot chilli peppers.





Xaro

Pointed Sweet Pepper

Red pointed sweet pepper which gives a vigorous crop, early fruit setting and fast colouration. The fruits are beautifully straight, 18-22 cm long and taste delicious.

- Strong, open crop
- Fast colouration
- Very good flavour

Zazu

Pointed Sweet Pepper

Yellow pointed sweet pepper with a compact growth habit and fast colouration. The fruits are 18-22 cm long and taste delicious.

- Strong, open crop
- Fast colouration
- Excellent flavour

Kyra

Pointed Sweet Pepper

Orange pointed sweet pepper with a strong and open crop and fast colouration. The fruits have a good shelf life and are 20-22 cm long, crunchy and sweet tasting.

- Strong, open crop
- Fast colouring
- Magnificent flavour



| Article | Variety | Plant | Fruit | | | | |
|---------|---------|------------------|-----------------|------------|--------|------------|-----------|
| | | Resistance* (HR) | Plant habit | Earliness | Colour | Length | Weight |
| 1627 | Xaro | | Strong and open | Very early | Red | 180-220 mm | 100-120 g |
| 1628 | Zazu | Tm:0-2 | Strong and open | Early | Yellow | 180-220 mm | 100-120 g |
| 1629 | Kyra | | Strong and open | Early | Orange | 200-220 mm | 100-120 g |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41

Snack Pepper Capsicum annuum

De Bolster snack peppers are specifically developed for organic production. Our varieties perform very well when grown in soil, even under low fertiliser conditions.

De Bolster offers a wide range of snack pepper varieties for organic cultivation, along with blocky peppers, pointed sweet peppers and hot chilli peppers.

Snack peppers are grown outdoors more and more often.







Arwen

Snack Pepper

Red snack pepper with strong, relatively short plants and a high yield. The fruits have a weight of 30-40 g and a delightful taste.

- Strong crop
- High yield
- Very good taste

Radja

Snack Pepper

Yellow snack pepper with strong, short plants and a very high yield. The fruits have a weight of 30-40 g and an excellent taste.

- Strong crop
- Very high yield
- Excellent flavour

Flynn

Snack Pepper

Orange snack pepper with strong, short plants and a very high yield. The fruits have a weight of 30-40 g and a really sweet flavour.

- Strong crop
- High yield
- Sweet taste

| Article | Variety | Plant | | | Fruit | | |
|---------|---------|------------------|----------------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| | | Resistance* (HR) | Plant habit | Earliness | Colour | Length | Weight |
| 1624 | Arwen | Tm:0-2 | Strong, rather short | Early | Red | 70-80 mm | 30-40 g |
| 1625 | Radja | Tm:0 | Strong, short | Early | Yellow | 70-80 mm | 30-40 g |
| 1626 | Flynn | Tm:0 / PVY:0 | Strong, short | Early | Orange | 70-80 mm | 30-40 g |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41

Hot Pepper Capsicum annuum

De Bolster hot peppers are specifically developed for organic production. Our varieties perform very well when grown in soil, even under low fertiliser conditions.

De Bolster offers a wide range of hot pepper varieties for organic cultivation, along with blocky peppers, pointed sweet peppers and snack peppers.



Koh Chang

Hot Pepper

Yellow pepper with straight, 13 cm long fruits. Fairly short habit with very early fruit setting. These hot fruits have a weight of 25 g and a Scoville score of 6000.

- Early variety
- Short plants
- Scoville: 6000



Koh Tao

Hot Pepper

Orange pepper with straight, 14 cm long fruits. Strong plants and very productive. These hot fruits have a weight of 25 g and a Scoville score of 4000.

- Robust plants
- Tall plants
- Scoville: 4000



| Article | Variety | Plant | Plant | | | Fruit | | | |
|---------|-----------|------------------|-------|------------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--|
| | | Resistance* (HR) | Туре | Earliness | Colour | Scoville | Length | Weight | |
| 1636 | Koh Chang | Tm:0 | Short | Very early | Yellow | 6000 | 130 mm | 25 g | |
| 1637 | Koh Tao | Tm:0-2 | Long | Early | Orange | 4000 | 140 mm | 25 g | |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41

Pepper Rootstock

Capsicum annuum

In organic Capsicum cultivation, the use of a rootstock is an important tool in avoiding soil-borne pests and diseases. Additionally, our pepper rootstock gives more power to the plant, which results in more even stems in a 3-stem-system and better performance under extreme climate conditions. So growing on a rootstock ensures higher yields. They can be used for all varieties of blocky peppers, sweet pointed peppers and chilli peppers.

De Bolster rootstocks are specially developed under organic conditions and are the most effective varieties against nematodes on the market. Grafting of young plants should preferably be done by companies specialising in raising young fruit vegetable plants.

Watch video







Skyborn F1

Pepper Rootstock

'Skyborn F1' has become a standard variety because it is a productive, medium vigorous Capsicum rootstock with excellent resistance to root knot nematodes. Virtually all varieties of sweet peppers and chilli peppers can be grafted onto it. This rootstock is suitable for heated and unheated greenhouses and is perfect for organic cultivation. This variety has been developed in collaboration with INRAE France.

- Strong root system
- Highly resilient to Verticillium and Pyrenochaeta
- Very strong against root knot nematodes



Skyhigh F1

Pepper Rootstock

'Skyhigh F1' is extremely vigorous, producing a nicely uniform crop even with three stems. Its intermediate resistance to root knot nematodes ensures continuous growth throughout the season. The variety is also highly resilient to Pythium.

- Vigorous
- Also suitable for unheated cultivation conditions
- High yielding

| Article | Variety | Plant | |
|---------|------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | Resistance* (HR) | (IR) |
| 1612 | Skyborn F1 | | Ma / Mi / Mj |
| 1613 | Skyhigh F1 | Tm:0 / PVY:0 | Ma / Mi / Mj |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41

Cherry Tomato Solanum Ivcopersicum

The breeding focus in our cherry tomato segment is on flavoursome tomatoes with a good shelf life and high yields for organic crops. We are proud that more and more new varieties are coming out of the breeding programme.

De Bolster organic tomato varieties have been specially developed for challenging growing conditions without the need for rootstock. With their strong root systems, our varieties deliver outstanding performance even under dry cultivation conditions and with a low fertilisation level.

All our tomato varieties have been developed for polytunnels and cold greenhouses, not for heated production.



Bartelly F1

Cherry Tomato

Very flavoursome cherry tomato, ideal for summer production in polytunnels and unheated greenhouses. With its branched trusses and large number of fruits with a balanced flavour, 'Bartelly' is a favourite with growers. The round fruits weigh about 16 g and can be picked loose with calyxes.

- Early harvest
- Very vigorous
- High yielding

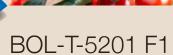


Cheralita (BOL-T-4202)

Cherry Tomato

Open-pollinated, round, red cherry tomato with an average fruit weight of 15-20 g. The trusses have 1 or 2 branches with 15-20 fruits each. They can be harvested on the vine or loose, with or without calyxes. The taste is rich with the right balance between sweet and sour.

- Long shelf life and crack free
- Excellent fruit setting, even without bees or manual pollination
- Good disease resistances



Cherry tomato with an open plant habit, suitable for cultivation in cold greenhouses. This variety produces round, juicy fruits that stand out with a beautiful dark red colour. They can be harvested on the vine or individually. The taste is sweet and very rich.

• High Brix value

Cherry Tomato

- Grows well under cooler conditions
- Intermediate resistant to powdery mildew (On)



| Article | Variety | | Plant | | Harvesting | | |
|---------|------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|-------|---------|
| | | | Resistance* (HR) | (IR) | Truss | Loose | Weight |
| 1948 | Bartelly F1 | | Ff:A-E / ToMV:0 | | | • | 15-17 g |
| 1957 | Cheralita (BOL-T-4202) | NEW | Ff:A-E / ToMV:0-2 / Fol:0-1 | On | | • | 15-20 g |
| 1944 | BOL-T-5201 F1 | NEW | Ff:A-E / ToMV:0-2 / Fol:0-1 | On / Ma / Mi / Mj | • | | 20-22 g |
| 1956 | Bronzy | | Fol:0-1 / ToMV:0-2 | On / Ma / Mi / Mj | | • | 15-20 g |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41



Bronzy

Cherry Tomato

Very tasty cherry tomato that produces juicy fruits with an attractive brown colour, weighing 15-20 g. They can be harvested on the vine or loose, with or without calyxes. This open-pollinated variety has an open habit, starts producing fruits early and can be harvest from July onwards.

- Attractive brown colour
- Early production
- Resistant to powdery mildew



Snack Tomato

Solanum lycopersicun

Our snack tomato programme is expanding rapidly with attractive varieties that also taste great. The new, Phytophthora resistant snack tomato BOL-T-5109 F1 offers the possibility of having a healthy crop at the end of the season and can even be grown outdoors.

De Bolster organic tomato varieties have been specially developed for challenging growing conditions without the need for rootstock. With their strong root systems, our varieties deliver outstanding performance even under dry cultivation conditions and with a low fertilisation level.

All our tomato varieties have been developed for polytunnels and cold greenhouses, not for heated production.





Snack Iomato

Open-pollinated snack tomato that matures early. Small leaves and a very open plant structure. The trusses are highly branched with up to 70 red coloured fruits per truss, weighing 6-9 g each. They have a sweet, juicy flavour and a good structure. Fruits can be picked loose without calyxes.

- Open plant structure; planting distance can be reduced
- Nice drop shape
- Very small side shoots



BOL-T-5109 F1

Snack Tomat

High yield of juicy mini plum tomatoes of 10-15 g each with a nice, sweet taste. The tall plants with small leaves form many split trusses with glossy red fruits that can be harvested on the vine or loose without calyxes. Tests show that 'BOL-T-5109 F1' performs well against Phytophthora.

- Very good Brix
- Outdoor and cold greenhouse cultivation
- Intermediate resistance to Phytophthora infestans



Bolstar Baloe F1

Mini-Plum Tomato

Deliciously sweet cherry-plum tomato, ideal for summer production in polytunnels and unheated greenhouses. 'Bolstar Baloe F1' produces both single and double trusses, with a beautiful herringbone pattern. The flavoursome fruits weigh about 21 g. Can be harvested on the vine or loose, with or without calyxes.

- Very vigorous; keeps on producing trusses
- Good keeping qualities on the plant
- Good texture and sweet taste



| Article | Variety | Plant | | Harvest | ing | |
|---------|---------------------|---------------------------|------|---------|-------|---------|
| | | Resistance* (HR) | (IR) | Truss | Loose | Weight |
| 1958 | Petita (BOL-T-4101) | ToMV:0-2 / Fol:0 | | | • | 6-9 g |
| 1961 | BOL-T-5109 F1 | Ff:A-E / ToMV:0-2 / Fol:0 | Pi | • | • | 10-15 g |
| 1941 | Bolstar Baloe F1 | Ff:A-E / Fol:0,1 | | • | • | 20-22 g |
| 1955 | Ormato | | | | • | 12-18 g |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41

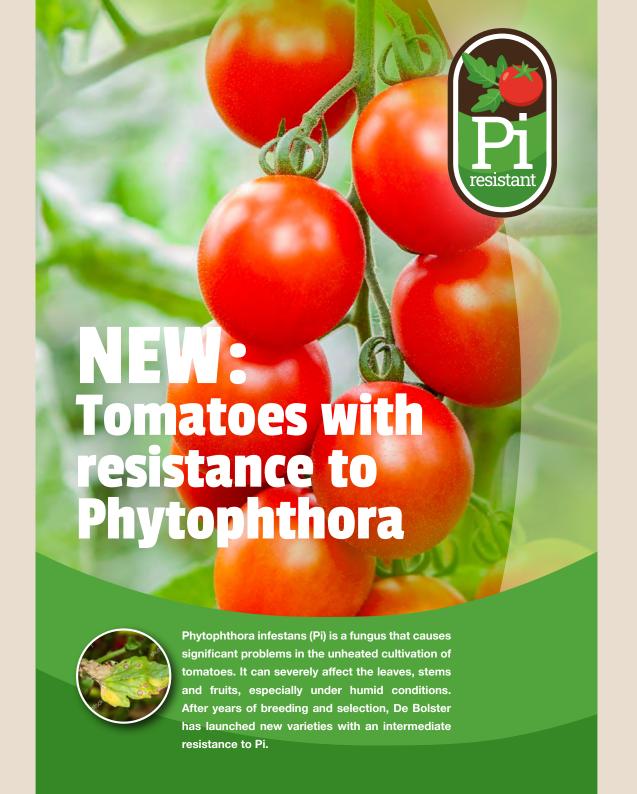


Ormato

Snack Tomato

Open-pollinated snack tomato with lovely orange fruits weighing around 12-18 g. 'Ormato' tomatoes are characterised by their excellent flavour. The plant has an open habit and is extremely productive. Trusses are often split, with 2-3 side trusses. Can be grown under glass or outdoors.

- Attractive shape
- Excellent flavour
- High yielding



Cocktail Tomato

Solanum lycopersicum

Cocktail tomato is an interesting tomato segment because of the combination of good yield and taste. With two new varieties for unheated greenhouses, we bring some great extra options for organic growers to this segment.







BOL-T-5302 F1

Cocktail Tomato

Phytophthora resistant cocktail tomato with good taste and yield. The tall plant with strong leaves is suitable for outdoor or cold greenhouse cultivation and forms single trusses with approximately 12 beautifully round, juicy and tasty fruits of 35-40 g. These can be harvested on the vine or loose.

- For outdoor or cold greenhouse cultivation
- Good intermediate resistance to Phytophthora
- Loose harvest with or without calyxes is possible

BOL-T-5303 F1

Cocktail Tomato

Very good tasting cocktail tomato that offers an excellent shelf life. This variety has a very high production with 12-15 fruits per truss that can be harvested either on the vine or loose with calyx. 'BOL-T-5303 F1' also has an extra intermediate resistance against Fulvia fulva.

- Fruits are very strong against cracking
- Very broad resistance spectrum
- For cold greenhouse cultivation

BOL-T-5505 F1

Midi San Marzano Tomato

Produces single trusses with approximately 12 plum tomatoes with firm flesh. These midi San Marzano tomatoes can be harvested loose without calyx, but also on the vine. The medium-high plants have strong leaves. Tests show that 'BOL-T-5505 F1' performs well against Phytophthora.

- Fruit weight of approximately 40 grams
- For outdoor and cold greenhouse cultivation
- Intermediate resistance to Phytophthora infestans



| Article | Variety | Plant | | Harvesting | | |
|---------|-------------------|---|-------------------|------------|-------|---------|
| | | Resistance* (HR) | (IR) | Truss | Loose | Weight |
| 1963 | BOL-T-5302 F1 NEW | Ff:A-E / ToMV:0-2 / Fol:0-1 / For | Pi | • | • | 34-40 g |
| 1946 | BOL-T-5303 F1 NEW | Ff:A-E / ToMV:0-2 / Va:0 / Vd:0 / For | On / Ma / Mi / Mj | • | • | 40-50 g |
| 1962 | BOL-T-5505 F1 NEW | Ff:A-E / ToMV:0-2 / Va:0 / Vd:0 / Fol:0 | Pi | • | • | 38-42 g |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41

Plum Tomato

Solanum lycopersicum

Our aim in breeding plum tomatoes is to develop flavoursome 'Roma' types with a good texture and a high yield.

De Bolster organic tomato varieties have been specially developed for challenging growing conditions without the need for rootstock. With their strong root systems, our varieties deliver outstanding performance even under dry cultivation conditions and with a low fertilisation level.

Our 'Bolstar' varieties are vigorous and produce a lot of fruit early in the season; ideal for a short growing period. As they are semi-long life, the fruits can be left on the plant for longer, which offers more flexibility in picking and promotes optimal flavour development.

All our tomato varieties have been developed for polytunnels and cold greenhouses, not for heated production.



Bolstar Sensatica F

Plum Tomato

Deliciously sweet, semi-long life plum tomato, suitable for polytunnel production and slightly heated greenhouses. The plum-shaped fruits, which weigh about 80 g, have a very good flavour, especially compared with other 'Roma' tomatoes. The tomatoes have an excellent shelf life, both on the plant and after harvesting. 'Bolstar Sensatica F1' produces large trusses with about 12 juicy fruits, which can be harvested loose, with or without calyxes. Also suitable for harvesting on the vine with 6 fruits per truss.

- Very long vine and shelf life
- Intermediate resistance against mildew
- Truly a taste sensation!



Variety Article **Plant** Resistence* (HR) 1943 Bolstar Sensatica F1

Ff:A-E / ToMV:0-2 / Va:0 / Vd:0 / Fol:0,1 / For

*For an explanation of resistance codes, see page 40

Round Tomato

Solanum lycopersicum

De Bolster organic tomato varieties have been specially developed for challenging growing conditions without the need for rootstock. With their strong root systems, our varieties deliver outstanding performance even under dry cultivation conditions and with a low fertilisation level.

Our 'Bolstar' varieties are vigorous and produce a lot of fruit early in the season; ideal for a short growing period. As they are semi-long life, the fruits can be left on the plant for longer, which offers more flexibility in picking and promotes optimal flavour development.

All our tomato varieties have been developed for polytunnels and cold greenhouses, not for heated production.



Bolstar Gimli F1

Round Tomato

Beautiful, shiny vine tomato, suitable for summer production in polytunnels and slightly heated greenhouses. The fine round fruits, weighing about 75 g, have a very good shelf life, both on the plant and after harvesting. 'Bolstar Gimli F1' produces long trusses of about 8-10 juicy fruits which can be harvested loose, with or without calyxes. Also suitable for harvesting as 7-fruit trusses.

- Very good shelf life
- Sturdy trusses with 8-10 fruits
- Good, mildly fresh flavour



Bolstar Granda

Round Tomato

Robust, high-yielding, open-pollinated variety suitable for summer production in polytunnels and unheated greenhouses. The round fruits weigh about 100 g and are suitable for picking loose with calyxes. 'Bolstar Granda' produces about 5-10 fruits per truss with a good, pleasant flavour and an excellent shelf life.

- Very vigorous
- Firm, round fruits
- Ideal for the cold greenhouse or polytunnel



| Article | Variety | Plant | Harvesting | | |
|---------|------------------|---|------------|-------|----------|
| | | Resistence* (HR) | Truss | Loose | Weight |
| 1942 | Bolstar Gimli F1 | Ff:A-E / ToMV:0 / Va:0 / Vd:0 / Fol:0,1 / For | • | • | 70-80 g |
| 1945 | Bolstar Granda | Ff:A-E / ToMV:0 / Va:0 / Vd:0 / Fol:0,1 / For | | • | 90-110 g |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41

Beefsteak Tomato

Solanum lycopersicum

The beefsteak tomato is the largest tomato type of all. Thanks to its fresh, full-bodied flavour and firm structure, it is ideal for soups and sauces, but also for salads, tomato carpaccio or as a steak substitute on the BBQ.

Our beefsteak tomato varieties have been selected and produced under organic conditions and perform well with lower amounts of fertiliser and less irrigation. They can be harvested early and are high yielding. Perfect for protected cultivation, either heated or unheated. These tomatoes need calcium-rich soil with plenty of high organic matter.



Coeur de Boeuf

Beefsteak Tomato

Traditional, vigorous beefsteak tomato with a wonderful flavour. The large, heart-shaped fruits ripen from the inside out. So the idea time to pick them is when the fruit beginning to colour. It will then be pink on the inside and the flesh will still be nice and firm This beefsteak tomato produces an average of five fruits per truss. But to ensure u plant development, it is better to them to two per truss. Fruit weight is 500 g, but occasionally they can grow much as 1,000 g. Open-pollinated suitable for the Home Garden segment

- Traditional variety
- Early harvest

Article

1951

Very large fruits

Variety

Coeur de Boeuf

Truss



Courgette Cucurbita pepo

In courgette breeding, De Bolster specialises in developing new varieties with special traits that benefit both professional growers and amateur gardeners.

Two courgettes with these unique characteristics are 'Ola Gabriella' and 'Ola Escaladora', both slow-growing cultivars bearing multiple fruits simultaneously that develop more slowly, giving you more flexibility in harvesting.

We are also working on new cultivars for professional organic production with the right balance between size, shape, gloss and yield and with good disease resistance.



Ola Gabriella F1

Courgette

Productive yellow courgette with a mild, sweet taste. This plant has a parthenocarpic habit, so the fruits set early in the season without the presence of male flowers. Because of the continual development of the fruits, they can stay on the plant rather longer without compromising productivity. This gives you more flexibility in harvesting. The fruits, which are best harvested when they reach a length of 20-25 cm, have a fine texture and a mild, sweet taste.



Ola Escaladora

Climbing Courgette

Climbing courgette 'Ola Escaladora' readily grows up netting or a fence. The long vines, which can reach anything up to 5 metres in length, need to be tied in at regular intervals so as to encourage the plant to grow upwards. This productive climber produces flavoursome, dark green courgettes of around 20 to 25 cm in length throughout the summer, provided the fruits are harvested regularly. The side shoots, which can be removed if desired, also produce fruits. Any mildew only appears late in the season, if at all. Open-pollinated variety, suitable for the Home Garden segment.



Ola Redonda

Round Courgette

Productive round courgette with pale green, white speckled fruits. Harvest daily for a constant supply of new courgettes. The round fruits will then average 250-300 g in weight and are ideal for stuffing. They can be stored in a cool place for 4-5 weeks. The non-trailing plants grow nice and bushy. Open-pollinated variety.



| Article | Variety | Cultivation | | |
|---------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|---------|
| | | Plant type | Density | Harvest |
| 1355 | Ola Gabriella F1 | Bush | 10,000-12,000 /ha | Jul-Sep |
| 1356 | Ola Escaladora | Climbing | 10,000-15,000 /ha | Jul-Sep |
| 1357 | Ola Redonda | Bush | 10,000-12,000 /ha | Jul-Sep |



Winter Squash

De Bolster winter squash varieties are developed for organic cultivation. Our trailing types are remarkably uniform in size and shelf life. This plant type covers the cultivation area quickly, which suppresses weeds. Our bush types are particularly productive and allow for longer mechanical weed control.

Sowing

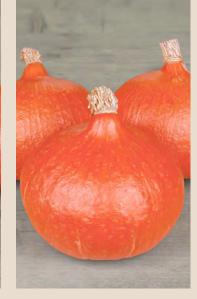
Sow winter squash seed in firm, moist soil. This usually requires a sowing depth of 3-5 cm. For optimal germination, the soil temperature should be at least 18°C at sowing depth at the time of sowing and during the following week. Soil that is too cold or too wet slows down the germination process, which can make the germinating seeds susceptible to fungi and bacteria. Above 22°C, germination takes place very quickly, so these plant pathogens are less likely to attack.

Harvesting and storage

The fruits are ready for harvesting when the fruit stalks start to turn corky and the leaves start to die off. For maximum shelf life, we recommend not leaving the fruits on the field for too long in order to avoid sun scorch and fruit spoilage. After harvesting, the fruits are best stored at a temperature of 8-12°C. It is important to keep winter squash well ventilated in storage.









Solor

Winter Squash (trailing)

Orange/red winter squash with beautiful, uniform fruits. 'Solor' is a trailing, open-pollinated variety with a good, uniform shelf life. Ready at least one week earlier than 'Uchiki Kuri'. Sales period: October-January.

Fictor

Winter Squash (trailing)

Dark orange/red winter squash with attractive, uniform fruits. 'Fictor' is a trailing 'family intercross' that is appreciated because of the size of its fruits, beautiful colour and shelf-life. Sales period: October-January.

Uchiki Kuri

Winter Squash (trailing)

Orange-red squash with fruits varying in weight from 0.8 to 2 kg. Trailing type with 1-2 fruits per plant. Deep orange-red colour. Sales period: October-December.

BOL-P-5106 F1

Winter Squash (semi-bush)

This early type produces round, slightly flat fruits with beautiful orange fruit flesh. With 2-4 fruits of around 0.8-1.3 kg per plant, this is a high producing hybrid variety. It also outperforms its competition with regards to its very good storage qualities.



| Article | Variety | Plant | | | Fruit | | | |
|---------|--------------------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| | | Туре | Density | Culture time | Weight | Yield | Shelf life | |
| 1665 | Solor | Trailing | 13,000-15,000 /ha | 90-100 days | 0.9-1.1 kg | 15-19 T/ha | 4-5 months | |
| 1655 | Fictor (FIC) | Trailing | 13,000-15,000 /ha | 90-100 days | 1.0-1.2 kg | 16-20 T/ha | 4-5 months | |
| 1669 | Uchiki Kuri | Trailing | 13,000-15,000 /ha | 90-100 days | 0.8-2.0 kg | 17-21 T/ha | 3-4 months | |
| 1641 | BOL-P-5106 F1 NEW | Semi-bush | 15,000-18,000 /ha | 90-95 days | 0.8-1.3 kg | 30-35 T/ha | 4-5 months | |
| 1647 | BOL-P-5110 F1 NEW | Semi-bush | 15,000-18,000 /ha | 90-95 days | 1.0-1.4 kg | 25-30 T/ha | 4-5 months | |
| 1642 | Amoro F1 | Bush | 15,000-20,000 /ha | 85-90 days | 0.8-1.5 kg | 30-40 T/ha | 2-3 months | |
| 1644 | Tractor F1 | Bush | 10,000-15,000 /ha | 90-100 days | 2.0-4.5 kg | 30-35 T/ha | 3-4 months | |





BOL-P-5110 F1

Winter Squash (semi-bush)

Produces round to slightly flattened fruits with a small neck with an exceptionally high and beautiful, dark orange fruit yield. Bush type with short vines and 1-2 fruits per plant. flesh. They have a high brix value vines. Suitable for early sales. and a very good taste. It offers an average of 1-2 fruits with a fruit weight of 1.0-1.4 kg per plant. Very good storage qualities.

Amoro F1

Winter Squash (bush)

Beautiful, bright orange pumpkin cook and has a sweet taste, perfect for soup. Sales period: October-January. September-December.

Tractor F1

Winter Squash (bush)

Orange pumpkin with beautiful, large fruits. Bush type with short Extremely high yielding with good 'Amoro F1' is very easy to keeping qualities and flavour. Easy to prepare. Sales period:

Winter Squash

De Bolster winter squash varieties are developed for organic cultivation. Our trailing types are remarkably uniform in size and shelf life. This plant type covers the cultivation area quickly, which suppresses weeds. Our bush types are particularly productive and allow for longer mechanical weed control.

Sowing

Sow winter squash seed in firm, moist soil. This usually requires a sowing depth of 3-5 cm. For optimal germination, the soil temperature should be at least 18°C at sowing depth at the time of sowing and during the following week. Soil that is too cold or too wet slows down the germination process, which can make the germinating seeds susceptible to fungi and bacteria. Above 22°C, germination takes place very quickly, so these plant pathogens are less likely to attack.

Harvesting and storage

The fruits are ready for harvesting when the fruit stalks start to turn corky and the leaves start to die off. For maximum shelf life, we recommend not leaving the fruits on the field for too long in order to avoid sun scorch and fruit spoilage. After harvesting, the fruits are best stored at a temperature of 8-12°C. It is important to keep winter squash well ventilated in storage.







BOL-P-5402 F1

Winter Squash (bush)

Compact, bush type plants with short side shoots. The smooth. variety have a thick fruit wall with a beautiful yellow-orange colour and a good taste. The fruit weight is around 0.6-1.3 kg with a high percentage of flesh. Very good yield and excellent storage qualities.

BOL-P-5403 F1

Winter Squash (bush)

Green winter squash with very good storage qualities and a high somewhat flattened fruits of this yield. A variety with compact, bush type plants that have short side shoots. The beautiful round fruits offer a relatively large amount of fruit flesh with a beautiful orange colour. The fruit weight is around 1.0-1.4 kg.

Leckør F1

Winter Squash (trailing)

Highly productive, silver-grey squash. 'Leckør F1' has deep orange flesh and an excellent flavour. The fruits average between 1 and 1.5 kg in weight. Sales period: October-February.



| Article | Variety | Plant | | | Fruit | | | |
|---------|--------------------------|----------|-------------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| | | Туре | Density | Culture time | Weight | Yield | Shelf life | |
| 1661 | BOL-P-5402 F1 NEW | Bush | 15,000-18,000 /ha | 90-100 days | 0.6-1.3 kg | 25-30 T/ha | 4-5 months | |
| 1662 | BOL-P-5403 F1 NEW | Bush | 15,000-18,000 /ha | 90-95 days | 1.0-1.4 kg | 25-35 T/ha | 4-5 months | |
| 1656 | Leckør F1 | Trailing | 13,000-15,000 /ha | 90-100 days | 1.0-1.5 kg | 30-40 T/ha | 4-6 months | |

Broad Bean

Tip for growers

Sow these varieties at the same time, so they can be harvested one directly after another. Harvesting starts with the variety 'Ratio', followed ten days later by 'Eleonora'.





Ratio

Broad Bean

with an excellent pod shape, stays short, so the crop is not good pod set and a delicious prone to falling over. 'Eleonora' is flavour. Thanks to its branching about 10 days later than 'Ratio' habit, the crop stays short and and has excellent long pods with is at less risk of lodging. Very flavoursome and suitable for ideal for freezing. freezing.

Eleonora

Broad Bean

Early, productive broad bean A selection from 'Express' which a splendid flavour. The beans are

| Article | Variety | Plant | od | |
|---------|----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Height | Shape | Seeds per pod |
| 1212 | Ratio | 70-80 cm | Long, slender | 4-5 seeds |
| 1210 | Eleonora | 90-100 cm | Long, slender | 5-6 seeds |

Dwarf French Bean

Phaseolus vulgaris



To determine the earliness of our varieties, we use 'Compass' as a reference variety. 'Compass' is a standard early variety and has about 71 growing days in the main season. The later it is sown, the greater the differences in cultivation time. In summer, +1 means one day of extra growing, while at the end of the season +1 can mean an extra week of growing.

Sowing

Sow dwarf French beans from 15 May onwards outdoors in firm, moist soil. This usually requires a sowing depth of 2-4 cm. The soil temperature should be at least 15°C at sowing depth. Germination will take place more quickly at above 20°C. Soil that is too cold will slow down the germination process and it is possible that the seeds may not come up at all. The latest sowing date for both outdoor and cold greenhouse cultivation is 20 July, mainly due to the danger of night frosts in October. Allow approximately 70 growing days for cold greenhouse cultivation.



Compass

Dwarf French Bean

Extra-fine French bean, 'haricot vert' type. It is stringless and has a good flavour. Excellent plant habit with long, straight pods. Because the pods are quite thin, it is less suitable for picking by hand.



Faraday Dwarf French Bean

Very fine French bean, 'haricot vert' type, which is stringless and has a very good flavour. This variety has a long picking period and a good shelf life, making it suitable for both processing and fresh sales. It is a productive variety, with a uniform fruit setting and good Botrytis tolerance.



Davis

Dwarf French Bean

A typical hand-picking variety. Very robust, even under unfavourable growing conditions. Produces fine, soft and tasty beans (14-16 cm long, 7-9 mm diameter). The plant and beans retain their beautiful colour until the end of cultivation and the variety delivers a high yield. Davis has very good resistance to various diseases.



Domino

Dwarf French Bean

Delicate, stringless French bean with a fine flavour. The pods all set together and are suitable for both mechanical harvest or one-time picking by hand. 'Domino' gives a very high yield.



| Article | Variety | Plant | | Pod | | | Sorting (mm) | | | |
|---------|------------------|------------------|--------|-------------|------------|----------|--------------|-------|-----|--------|
| | | Resistance* (HR) | Height | Earliness** | Colour | Length | < 6.5 | 6.5-8 | 8-9 | 9-10.5 |
| 1081 | Compass | BCMV:1 / Ps / A | 50 cm | Reference | Dark green | 12-14 cm | 75% | 25% | | |
| 1083 | Faraday | BCMV:1 / Ps / A | 50 cm | +1 days | Green | 13-14 cm | | 80% | 20% | |
| 1082 | Domino | BCMV:1 / Ps / A | 50 cm | +1 days | Green | 12-13 cm | | | 80% | 20% |
| 1085 | Davis NEW | BCMV:1 / Ps / A | 50 cm | +2 days | Dark green | 14-16 cm | | 80% | 20% | |
| 1218 | Dior | BCMV:1 / Ps / A | 50 cm | +1 days | Yellow | 13-14 cm | | 20% | 80% | |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41 **Earliness in comparison to standard variety



Dior

Dwarf French Bean

Very uniform wax bean with homogeneous fruiting. The straight, yellow pods are neatly distributed on the outside of the plant, making them easy to pick. 'Dior' is extremely high yielding and has an earliness of +1, which is quite early for a wax bean.



Dwarf Flat Bean

Phaseolus vulgaris





Nassau

Dwarf Flat Bean

Stringless bean with flat, green, also suitable for picking by hand.

Capitano

Dwarf Flat Bean

Stringless bean with flat, yellow really tasty pods. In many countries, pods, which are very tasty. 'Nassau' is the standard variety 'Capitano' is the standard variety for mechanical harvesting, but it is in its class in many countries around the world. Suitable for both mechanical and hand picking.



| Article | Variety | Plant | Pod | | | | |
|---------|----------|------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|-------------------|
| | | Resistance* (HR) | Height | Earliness** | Colour | Length | Sorting |
| 1195 | Nassau | BCMV:1 / Ps / A | 50 cm | +3 days | Light green | 16 cm | Flat, width 17 mm |
| 1215 | Capitano | BCMV:1 / Ps / A | 50 cm | +3 days | Yellow | 15 cm | Flat, width 20 mm |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41 **Earliness in comparison to standard variety

Climbing Bean Phaseolus vulgaris









Cobra

Climbing French Bean

Attractive, stringless pole bean with very tall plants. Mid-early greenhouse and high yields, even under varying has light green pods and slow-to-develop black seeds.

Sunshine

Climbing French Bean

Climbing bean 'Sunshine' is Beautiful, dark green flat bean. the golden yellow variant of variety, suitable for both 'Cobra'. The slender pods grow this variety has a high outdoor up to 18 cm long and stand out percentage of first-class pods. cultivation. Performs well with beautifully against the bright Suitable for both greenhouse green leaves. They can be picked and outdoor production. growing conditions. 'Cobra' right through until October, which encourages pod production. Can be grown under glass and outdoors.

Vitalis

Climbing Flat Bean

Due to its slower development,

Golden Gate

Climbing Flat Bean

Beautiful, yellow flat bean. Uniform with slightly а more open habit. Can be harvested over a long period. Suitable for both greenhouse and outdoor production.

| Article | Variety | Plant | | Pod | | |
|---------|----------------------------------|------------------|--------|---------------|----------|---------|
| | | Resistance* (HR) | Height | Colour | Length | Width |
| 1172 | Climbing French Bean 'Cobra' | BCMV:1 / A | 300 cm | Light green | 18-20 cm | 7-9 mm |
| 1173 | Climbing French Bean 'Sunshine' | BCMV:1 / A | 180 cm | Golden yellow | 17-18 cm | 9-10 mm |
| 1176 | Climbing Flat Bean 'Vitalis' | BCMV:1 | 200 cm | Dark green | 20-22 cm | 20 mm |
| 1174 | Climbing Flat Bean 'Golden Gate' | BCMV:1 | 200 cm | Yellow | 24-26 cm | 24 mm |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41

Miscellaneous legumes



Phaseolus coccineus

Lady Di Runner Bean

Vigorous, stringless runner bean when in full flower. After raising pods are easy to pick. in the greenhouse, transplant outdoors to ensure setting is not impacted by heat stress.



Pisum sativum

Sweet Horizon

Snow Pea

Beautiful, very productive, with a long harvest period. climbing snow pea. Due to its 'Lady Di' has green pods and tolerance of Asochyta and its slow-to-develop red and black resistance, this is a reliable seeds. The plants look beautiful cropper, while its long, thick



| Article | Variety | Plant | | Pod | | |
|---------|--------------------------|------------------|--------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | | Resistance* (HR) | Heigth | Colour | Length | Width |
| 1205 | Runner Bean 'Lady Di' | BCMV:1 / BYMV | 300 cm | Green | 28-30 cm | 18-20 mm |
| 1305 | Snow Pea 'Sweet Horizon' | Er / Fop | 120 cm | Darkgreen | 9-10 cm | 20-22 mm |

^{*}For an explanation of these resistance codes, see page 40-41

Rocket



Eruca sativa

Esmee

Rocket

Tender salad rocket with beautifully delicate pinnate leaves. The three-dimensional sticking to the packaging. peppery and not in the least bitter. spicy, slightly nutty taste.



Diplotaxis tenuifolia

Rochelle

Wild Rocket

Suitable for both greenhouse Downey mildew intermediate and outdoor cultivation with an resistant variety. A little slower excellent yield. 'Rochelle' has growing than standard rocket leaf shape helps create a firm, good intermediate resistance open structure in salad mixes to downy mildew (Hb) and is and stops the leaves from very resistant to bolting. Can be harvested throughout the 'Esmee' is a fast-growing variety summer. The thick, upright that can be harvested 3-4 weeks leaves have a beautiful dark after sowing. This rocket tastes green colour and that typical



Diplotaxis tenuifolia

Roxanne

Wild Rocket

varieties, but also slower bolting. 'Roxanne' offers a good yield with a quick regrowth. The dark and fine serrated leaves have a strong colour that stays during the second cut. The flavour is nutty and a little sweeter than your typical rocket.

Other Crops



Ocimum basilicum

Ah Nice

Anise Basil

Fast growing variety with big leaves and a nice bright green colour. The leaves are broad and cupped. The taste is extraordinary: with a hint of basil and a strong anise flavour, it's fresh and a bit sweet. Ideal for salads and pesto, but also smoothies or cocktails.



Ocimum basilicum

Sweet Lemon

Lemon Basil

Fast and uniform growing lemon basil with strong, thick, smooth and brightly coloured leaves. The unique flavour is distinctly lemon like with a hint of sour, making it very suitable as addition to salads or fish dishes, or to make a fresh tasting pesto.



Rumex sanguineus

Red Stripe

Red-veined Sorrel

This red-veined sorrel has young, fresh green leaves that are beautifully round with a decorative red vein and stem. Suitable for baby leaf cultivation. Brings a healthy variation to today's kitchen for use in salads or as a garnish. When the leaves are fully grown, they become lance-shaped and more sour.



Rumex patientia

Green Blade

Sorrel

Also known as "Garden Patience" or "Monk's Rhubarb". It is a type of sorrel with large leaves and a mildly sour taste. The leaves can be used in salads and soups, or as baby leaf at an earlier stage, when they have a nice, round shape. Sow in June-July. For perennial cultivation, spread the plants to approximately 20x2 cm.







Broccoli

A great broccoli that develops beautiful green heads early (60-70 days). 'Bobby' is nicely uniform, with a high percentage of usable heads with a good weight. Harvesting is easy thanks to the long stem. Almost white and rich in fibre on the vegetable. no problems with secondary growth or hollow stems. Especially suitable for late summer and autumn cultivation.



Apium graveolens Monarch

Celeriac

traditional, high-quality, open-pollinated develops long, dark green and smoothness of the root. foliage. The large and heavy creamy white roots are easy foliage and is resistant to hollow to clean and beautifully inside. The mildly aromatic roots are perfect for the fresh market, but their good shelf life also makes them an ideal storage variety.



Scorzonera hispanica

VRN-Enorma

Scorzonera

One of the most productive 'VRN-Enorma' has attractive crown. A uniquely delicious



My Fair Lady F1

Sweet Corn

High-yielding two-colour hybrid. variety that varieties with remarkable length 'My Fair Lady F1' produces slim cobs 18-20 cm long. The kernels have a soft texture and a very sweet flavour. Plant height approx. 160 cm.

Flower Mixtures

Flower mixtures not only look great, they also encourage biodiversity in meadows, gardens and field margins. Bees find nectar there, insects find shelter and birds eat the seeds in the autumn. A delight for humans and animals.







Tübingen Flower mixture

The annual Tübingen Flower mixture is a tried-and-tested bee and butterfly mixture suitable for gardens and field margins. The mixture consists of seeds of ornamental and cultivated plants: phacelia, buckwheat, white mustard, coriander, love-in-a-mist, marigold, cornflower, oilseed radish, mallow, borage, dill, common bird's foot and sunflower. Bees and other beneficial insects love this mixture, so it makes an important contribution to biodiversity. What's more, the plants are a feast for the eye.

Flower mixture 'Elegance'

'Elegance' lives up to its name: this annual flower mixture contains varieties with small flowers and a delicate leaf structure. Pure elegance that is perfect for flower meadows and flower strips in public green spaces. The early bloomers such as phacelia and cowherb are followed by coriander, marigold, dill and cornflower. These help ensure a rich insect life by flowering in succession for many months. The mixture grows to about 1 metre in height, with the cosmos protruding whimsically above the rest in the autumn.

Field margin mixture 'M2'

The annual field margin mixture 'M2' has a positive impact on biodiversity along field margins. It also increases the landscape value. It consists of oat, barley and buckwheat along with various annual meadow flowers such as cornflower, cowherb, borage and poppy. The image the mixture produces is reminiscent of a traditional grain field dotted with wildflowers. Field margin mixture 'M2' grows nice and dense and flowers right through to early autumn.



| Article | Variety | Plant Height |
|---------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 1621 | Tübingen Flower mixture | 100-160 cm |
| 1623 | Flower mixture 'Elegance' | 60-100 cm |
| 1619 | Field margin mixture 'M2' | 60-100 cm |



Resistance

Resistance in our varieties is indicated with specific codes as stated in the table below. If a variety is resistant to more than one pest, the individual resistance codes will be separated by the symbol '/'.

Resistance is the ability of a plant variety to restrict the growth and/or development of a specified pest and/or the damage it causes when compared to susceptible plant varieties under similar environmental conditions and pest pressure. Resistant varieties may exhibit some disease symptoms or damage under heavy pest pressure. Two levels of resistance are defined.

High resistance (HR): plant varieties that highly restrict the growth and/or development of

the specified pest and/or the damage it causes under normal pest pressure when compared to susceptible varieties. These plant varieties may, however, exhibit some symptoms or damage under heavy pest pressure.

Intermediate resistance (IR): plant varieties that restrict the growth and/or development of the specified pest and/or the damage it causes but may exhibit a greater range of symptoms or damage compared to high resistant varieties. Intermediate resistant plant varieties will still show less severe symptoms or damage than susceptible plant varieties when grown under similar environmental conditions and/or pest pressure.

Varieties claiming the same level of resistance

against a specific pest may exhibit a different resistance response due to a different genetic makeup of a variety.

It is to be noted that if a resistance is claimed in a plant variety it is limited to the specified biotypes, pathotypes, races or strains of the pest. If no biotypes, pathotypes, races or strains are specified in the resistance claim for the variety, it is because no generally accepted classification of the cited pest by biotype, pathotype, race or strain exists. In this case resistance is only claimed against certain not further specified isolates of that pathogen.

New biotypes, pathotypes, races or strains that may emerge are not covered by the original resistance claim.



| Crop | | Code | Scientific name | Pest or pathogen |
|-------------|-----------|-------|--|------------------------------------|
| Cucumber | Virus | CGMMV | Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus | Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus |
| | Virus | CMV | Cucumber mosaic virus | Cucumber mosaic virus |
| | Virus | CVYV | Cucumber vein yellowing virus | Cucumber vein yellowing virus |
| | Fungus | Ccu | Cladosporium cucumerinum | Cucumber scab |
| | Fungus | Pcu | Pseudoperonospora cubensis | Cucumber downy mildew |
| | Fungus | Px | Podosphaera xanthii | Powdery mildew |
| Tomato | Virus | ToMV | Tomato mosaic virus | Tomato mosaic virus |
| | Fungus | Ff | Fulvia fulva | Downy mildew |
| | Fungus | Fol | Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. lycopersici | Fusarium wilt |
| | Fungus | For | Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. radicis-lycopersici | Fusarium crown and root rot |
| | Fungus | On | Oidium neolycopersici | Powdery mildew |
| | Fungus | Pi | Phytophthora infestans | Late blight |
| | Fungus | Va | Verticillium albo-atrum | Verticillium wilt |
| | Fungus | Vd | Verticillium dahliae | Verticillium wilt |
| | Nematode | Ma | Meloidogyne arenaria | Root-knot nematode |
| | Nematode | Mi | Meloidogyne incognita | Root-knot nematode |
| | Nematode | Mj | Meloidogyne javanica | Root-knot nematode |
| Pepper | Virus | Tm | Tobacco mosaic virus | Tobacco mosaic virus |
| | Virus | PVY | Potato Y virus | Potato Y virus |
| | Nematode | Ma | Meloidogyne arenaria | Root-knot nematode |
| | Nematode | Mi | Meloidogyne incognita | Root-knot nematode |
| | Nematode | Mj | Meloidogyne javanica | Root-knot nematode |
| Beans | Virus | BCMV | Bean common mosaic virus | Bean common mosaic virus |
| | Virus | BYMV | Bean yellow mosaic virus | Bean yellow mosaic virus |
| | Fungus | Α | Colletotrichum lindemuthianum | Anthracnose |
| | Fungus | Er | Erysiphe pisi | Powdery mildew |
| | Fungus | Fop | Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. pisi | Fusarium wilt |
| | Bakterium | Ps | Pseudomonas syringae subsp. savastanoi | Halo blight |
| Wild Rocket | Fungus | Hb | Hyaloperonospora brassicae | Downy mildew |
| | | | | |

2025 Product Range

| Art. | Species | Crop |
|---------|----------------------------|---|
| Leaf ve | egetables | |
| 2007 | Allium cepa | Spring Onion 'White Lisbon' |
| 2005 | Allium fistulosum | Welsh Onion 'Ishikura Long White' |
| 1695 | Allium porrum | Leek 'Autumn Giant 2' |
| 1690 | Allium porrum | Leek 'Blauwgroene Herfst' |
| 1370 | Apium graveolens | Celery 'Tall Utah 52/70' |
| 1990 | Atriplex hortensis | Garden Orache, green |
| 2000 | Atriplex hortensis | Garden Orache, red |
| 1885 | Beta vulgaris subsp. cicla | Chard 'Fireworks' |
| 1890 | Beta vulgaris subsp. cicla | Chard 'Perpetual Spinach' |
| 1910 | Beta vulgaris subsp. cicla | Chard 'Rhubarb Chard' |
| 1915 | Beta vulgaris subsp. cicla | Chard 'Sunset Selection' |
| 1900 | Beta vulgaris subsp. cicla | Chard 'White Silver 3' |
| 1032 | Brassica juncea | Leaf Mustard 'Golden Frills' |
| 1035 | Brassica juncea | Leaf Mustard 'Purple Frills' |
| 1575 | Brassica juncea | Leaf Mustard 'Red Giant' |
| 1570 | Brassica rapa | Pak Choi 'Taisai' |
| 1572 | Brassica rapa | Tatsoi |
| 1725 | Brassica rapa | Turnip 'Mizuna' |
| 1720 | Brassica rapa | Turnip 'Namenia' |
| 1010 | Cichorium endivia | Endive 'Batavian Broad Leaved' |
| 1020 | Cichorium endivia | Endive 'Wallonne' (Frisée) |
| 1360 | Cichorium intybus | Chicory 'Zuckerhut' |
| 2030 | Claytonia perfoliata | Winter Purslane |
| 1380 | Cynara cardunculus | Cardoon |
| 1765 | Diplotaxis tenuifolia | Wild Rocket 'Selvatica' |
| 1766 | Diplotaxis tenuifolia | Wild Rocket 'Rochelle' |
| 1767 | Diplotaxis tenuifolia | Wild Rocket 'Roxanne' |
| 1760 | Eruca sativa | Rocket 'Esmee' |
| 1825 | Mesclun | Mesclun 'Asian Mix' |
| 1827 | Lactuca sativa | Mesclun 'Salad Leaves' |
| 1840 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Batavia) 'Blonde de Paris' |
| 1780 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Romaine) 'Little Leprechaun' |
| 1833 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Loose-Leaf) 'Salad Bowl' |
| 1835 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Loose-Leaf) 'Red Salad Bowl' |
| 1845 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Iceberg) 'Grazer Krauthauptel 2' |
| 1850 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Iceberg) 'Saladin' |
| 1800 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Butterhead) 'Suzan' |
| 1790 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Butterhead) 'Victoria' |
| 1820 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Butterhead) 'Marvel of Four Seasons' |
| 1836 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Curly) 'Lollo Bionda' |
| 1837 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Curly) 'Lollo Rossa' |

| Art. | Species | Crop |
|--------|---------------------------|---|
| 1830 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Cut-and-come-again) 'Black Seeded Simpson' |
| 1832 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Cut-and-come-again) 'Catalogna' |
| 1831 | Lactuca sativa | Lettuce (Cut-and-come-again) 'Cocarde' |
| 1980 | Lepidium sativum | Garden Cress 'Cressida' |
| 2040 | Portulaca oleracea | Summer Purslane |
| 1920 | Spinacia oleracea | Spinach 'Early Giant Leaf' |
| 1935 | Spinacia oleracea | Spinach 'Winter Giant' |
| 1610 | Tetragonia tetragonioides | New Zealand Spinach |
| 1870 | Valerianella locusta | Corn Salad 'Grote Noordhollandse' |
| 1880 | Valerianella locusta | Corn Salad 'Vit' |
| Brassi | ca | |
| 1445 | Brassica oleracea | Cauliflower 'Flora Blanca' |
| 1455 | Brassica oleracea | Curly Kale 'Roter Grünkohl' |
| 1450 | Brassica oleracea | Curly Kale 'Westland Winter' |
| 1461 | Brassica oleracea | Broccoli 'Bobby' |
| 1460 | Brassica oleracea | Broccoli 'Green Calabrese' |
| 1580 | Brassica oleracea | Brussels Sprouts 'Groninger' |
| 1505 | Brassica oleracea | Kale 'Nero di Toscana' |
| 1480 | Brassica oleracea | Kohlrabi 'Delikatess Blue' |
| 1490 | Brassica oleracea | Kohlrabi 'Delikatess White' |
| 1500 | Brassica oleracea | Kohlrabi 'Superschmelz' |
| 1510 | Brassica oleracea | Red Cabbage 'Langedijker Bewaar 2' |
| 1530 | Brassica oleracea | Savoy Cabbage 'Bloemendaalse Gele' |
| 1550 | Brassica oleracea | White Cabbage 'Filderkraut' |
| 1560 | Brassica oleracea | White Cabbage 'Langedijker Bewaar' |
| 1540 | Brassica oleracea | White Cabbage 'Roem van Enkhuizen 2' |
| 1470 | Brassica pekinensis | Chinese Cabbage 'Granaat' |
| Legum | nes | |
| 1200 | Phaseolus coccineus | Runner Bean 'Emergo' |
| 1205 | Phaseolus coccineus | Runner Bean 'Lady Di' |
| 1081 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Dwarf French Bean 'Compass' |
| 1083 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Dwarf French Bean 'Faraday' |
| 1085 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Dwarf French Bean 'Davis' |
| 1082 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Dwarf French Bean 'Domino' |
| 1218 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Dwarf French Bean 'Dior' |
| 1080 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Dwarf French Bean 'Dubbele witte zonder draad' |
| 1215 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Dwarf Flat Bean 'Capitano' |
| 1195 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Dwarf Flat Bean 'Nassau' |
| 1172 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Climbing French Bean 'Cobra' |
| 1173 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Climbing French Bean 'Sunshine' |
| 1160 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Climbing French Bean 'Mechelse Tros' |
| 1171 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Climbing French Bean 'Neckargold' |



| Art. | Species | Crop |
|---------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1170 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Climbing French Bean 'Neckarkönigin' |
| 1174 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Climbing Flat Bean 'Golden Gate' |
| 1190 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Climbing Flat Bean 'Helda' |
| 1176 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Climbing Flat Bean 'Vitalis' |
| 1180 | Phaseolus vulgaris | Climbing Bean 'Stokkievitsboon' |
| 1270 | Pisum sativum | Pea 'Eerste Vroege Mei' |
| 1290 | Pisum sativum | Pea 'Senator' |
| 1240 | Pisum sativum | Pea 'Kelvedon Wonder' |
| 1220 | Pisum sativum | Pea 'Blauwschokker' |
| 1330 | Pisum sativum | Snow Pea 'Grijze Roodbloeiende' |
| 1320 | Pisum sativum | Snow Pea 'Hendriks' |
| 1310 | Pisum sativum | Snow Pea 'Heraut' |
| 1305 | Pisum sativum | Snow Pea 'Sweet Horizon' |
| 1300 | Pisum sativum | Snow Pea 'Norli' |
| 1212 | Vicia faba | Broad Bean 'Ratio' |
| 1210 | Vicia faba | Broad Bean 'Eleonora' |
| Fruit v | regetables | |
| 1621 | Capsicum annuum | Blocky Pepper 'Olly F1' |
| 1622 | Capsicum annuum | Blocky Pepper 'Elsa F1' |
| 1619 | Capsicum annuum | Blocky Pepper 'llyn F1' |
| 1623 | Capsicum annuum | Blocky Pepper 'Lilo F1' |
| 1618 | Capsicum annuum | Blocky Pepper 'Waldo F1' |
| 1620 | Capsicum annuum | Blocky Pepper 'Jubilandska' |
| 1624 | Capsicum annuum | Snack Pepper 'Arwen' |
| 1625 | Capsicum annuum | Snack Pepper 'Radja' |
| 1626 | Capsicum annuum | Snack Pepper 'Flynn' |
| 1627 | Capsicum annuum | Pointed Sweet Pepper 'Xaro' |
| 1628 | Capsicum annuum | Pointed Sweet Pepper 'Zazu' |
| 1629 | Capsicum annuum | Pointed Sweet Pepper 'Kyra' |
| 1636 | Capsicum annuum | Hot Pepper 'Koh Chang' |
| 1637 | Capsicum annuum | Hot Pepper 'Koh Tao' |
| 1640 | Capsicum annuum | Hot Pepper 'Westlandse Lange Rode' |
| 1612 | Capsicum annuum | Pepper Rootstock 'Skyborn F1' |
| 1613 | Capsicum annuum | Pepper Rootstock 'Skyhigh F1' |
| 2027 | Citrullus lanatus | Watermelon 'Sugar Baby' |
| 1030 | Cucumis sativus | Gherkin 'Hokus' |
| 1438 | Cucumis sativus | Snack Cucumber 'Kaikura F1' |
| 1431 | Cucumis sativus | Cucumber 'Darwin F1' |
| 1432 | Cucumis sativus | Cucumber 'Eden F1' |
| 1430 | Cucumis sativus | Cucumber 'Gele Tros' |
| 1437 | Cucumis sativus | Cucumber 'Telegraph Improved' |
| 1435 | Cucumis sativus | Cucumber 'Marketmore' |
| | | |

| Art. | Species | Crop | |
|------|----------------------|---|-----|
| 1665 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'Solor' | |
| 1655 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'Fictor' | |
| 1669 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'Uchiki Kuri' | |
| 1641 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'BOL-P-5106 F1' | NEW |
| 1647 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'BOL-P-5110 F1' | NEW |
| 1642 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'Amoro F1' | |
| 1644 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'Tractor F1' | |
| 1661 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'BOL-P-5402 F1' | NEW |
| 1662 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'BOL-P-5403 F1' | NEW |
| 1660 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'Groene Hokkaido' | |
| 1680 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'Zappalito' | |
| 1656 | Cucurbita maxima | Winter Squash 'Leckør F1' | |
| 1675 | Cucurbita moschata | Muscat Squash 'Muscat de Provence' | |
| 1685 | Cucurbita moschata | Butternut Squash 'Butternut' | |
| 1355 | Cucurbita pepo | Courgette 'Ola Gabriella F1' | |
| 1356 | Cucurbita pepo | Courgette (climbing) 'Ola Escaladora' | |
| 1357 | Cucurbita pepo | Round Courgette 'Ola Redonda' | |
| 1350 | Cucurbita pepo | Courgette 'Zucchini' | |
| 1352 | Cucurbita pepo | Courgette 'Black Beauty' | |
| 1687 | Cucurbita pepo | Delicata Squash 'Sweet Dumpling' | |
| 1645 | Cucurbita pepo | Halloween Pumpkin 'Jack O'Lantern' | |
| 2080 | Physalis pruinosa | Dwarf Cape Gooseberry | |
| 1948 | Solanum lycopersicum | Cherry Tomato 'Bartelly F1' | |
| 1957 | Solanum lycopersicum | Cherry Tomato 'Cheralita' (BOL-T-4202) | NEW |
| 1944 | Solanum lycopersicum | Cherry Tomato 'BOL-T-5201 F1' | NEW |
| 1956 | Solanum lycopersicum | Cherry Tomato 'Bronzy' | |
| 1972 | Solanum lycopersicum | Cherry Tomato 'Yellow Clementine' | |
| 1970 | Solanum lycopersicum | Cherry Tomato 'Zuckertraube' | |
| 1958 | Solanum lycopersicum | Snack Tomato 'BOL-T-4101' | NEW |
| 1961 | Solanum lycopersicum | Snack Tomato 'BOL-T-5109 F1' | NEW |
| 1955 | Solanum lycopersicum | Snack Tomato 'Ormato' | |
| 1941 | Solanum lycopersicum | Cherry-Plum Tomato 'Bolstar Baloe F1' | |
| 1963 | Solanum lycopersicum | Cocktail Tomato 'BOL-T-5302 F1' | NEW |
| 1946 | Solanum lycopersicum | Cocktail Tomato 'BOL-T-5303 F1' | NEW |
| 1962 | Solanum lycopersicum | Midi San Marzano Tomato 'BOL-T-5505 F1' | NEW |
| 1943 | Solanum lycopersicum | Plum Tomato 'Bolstar Sensatica F1' | |
| 1942 | Solanum lycopersicum | Round Tomato 'Bolstar Gimli F1' | |
| 1945 | Solanum lycopersicum | Round Tomato 'Bolstar Granda' | |
| 1975 | Solanum lycopersicum | Round Tomato 'Green Zebra' | |
| 1960 | Solanum lycopersicum | Round Tomato 'Matina' | |
| 1974 | Solanum lycopersicum | Round Tomato 'Tigerella Bicolore' | |
| 1951 | Solanum lycopersicum | Beefsteak Tomato 'Coeur de Boeuf' | |
| | | | |

2025 Product Range

| Art. | Species | Crop | |
|---------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|
| 1950 | Solanum lycopersicum | Beefsteak Tomato 'Marmande' | |
| 1026 | Solanum melongena | Eggplant 'BB SEG 0741 F1' | NEW |
| 1024 | Solanum melongena | Eggplant 'BB SEG 1082 F1' | NEW |
| 1025 | Solanum melongena | Eggplant 'Violetta Lunga 3' | |
| 1939 | Zea mays | Sweet Corn 'My Fair Lady F1' | |
| 1940 | Zea mays | Sweet Corn 'Golden Bantam' | |
| Root ve | egetables | | |
| 2021 | Allium cepa | Onion 'Red Baron' | |
| 2025 | Allium cepa | Onion 'Red Long of Florence' | |
| 2010 | Allium cepa | Onion 'Rijnsburger 4' | |
| 2015 | Allium cepa | Onion 'Stuttgarter' | |
| 1412 | Apium graveolens | Celeriac 'Monarch' | NEW |
| 1410 | Apium graveolens | Celeriac 'Roem van Zwijndrecht' | |
| 1065 | Beta vulgaris subsp. conditiva | Beetroot 'Chioggia' | |
| 1060 | Beta vulgaris subsp. conditiva | Beetroot 'Cylindra' | |
| 1040 | Beta vulgaris subsp. conditiva | Beetroot 'Egyptische platronde' | |
| 1050 | Beta vulgaris subsp. conditiva | Beetroot 'Detroit 2' | |
| 1710 | Brassica rapa | Turnip 'Goldana' | |
| 1715 | Brassica rapa | Turnip 'Milan White Red Top' | |
| 1700 | Brassica rapa | Turnip 'Flat White May' | |
| 2050 | Cichorium intybus | Chicory 'Hollandse Middelvroeg' | |
| 2055 | Daucus carota | Carrot 'Amsterdam 2' | |
| 2060 | Daucus carota | Carrot 'Nantes 2' | |
| 2070 | Daucus carota | Carrot 'Autumn King 2' | |
| 1420 | Foeniculum vulgare | Fennel 'Fino' | |
| 1425 | Foeniculum vulgare | Fennel 'Géant Mammouth Perfection' | |
| 1630 | Pastinaca sativa | Parsnip 'Tender and True' | |
| 3210 | Petroselinum crispum | Root Parsley 'Halflange' | |
| 1730 | Raphanus sativus | Radish 'Cherry Belle' | |
| 1740 | Raphanus sativus | Radish 'French Breakfast 2' | |
| 1745 | Raphanus sativus | Radish 'White Icicle' | |
| 1750 | Raphanus sativus | Black Radish 'Black Spanish Round' | |
| 1770 | Scorzonera hispanica | Scorzonera 'VRN-Enorma' | |
| Herbs | | | |
| 3040 | Allium schoenoprasum | Chives | |
| 3060 | Allium tuberosum | Chinese Chives | |
| 3090 | Anethum graveolens | Dill | |
| 3130 | Anthriscus cerefolium | Chervil 'Fijne Krul' | |
| 3260 | Apium graveolens | Celery 'Gewone Snij' | |
| 3295 | Barbarea vulgaris | Bittercress | |
| 3140 | Borago officinalis | Borage | |
| 3120 | Carum carvi | Caraway | |

| Art. | Species | Crop |
|--------|---------------------------|--|
| 3180 | Cochlearia officinalis | Scurvy-grass |
| 3150 | Coriandrum sativum | Coriander |
| 3110 | Hyssopus officinalis | Hyssop |
| 3170 | Lavandula angustifolia | Lavender |
| 3160 | Levisticum officinale | Lovage |
| 3080 | Melissa officinalis | Lemon Balm |
| 3020 | Ocimum basilicum | Basil 'Genovese' |
| 3035 | Ocimum basilicum | Cinnamon Basil |
| 3030 | Ocimum basilicum | Basil 'Dark Opal' |
| 3033 | Ocimum basilicum | Anise Basil 'Ah Nice' (BOL-O-4007) |
| 3034 | Ocimum basilicum | Lemon Basil 'Sweet Lemon' (BOL-O-4004) NEW |
| 3037 | Ocimum basilicum | Thai Basil |
| 3190 | Origanum vulgare | Oregano |
| 3197 | Petroselinum crispum | Parsley 'Comun 3' |
| 3195 | Petroselinum crispum | Parsley 'Giant of Italy' |
| 3200 | Petroselinum crispum | Parsley 'Moss Curled 2' |
| 3015 | Pimpinella anisum | Anise |
| 3320 | Rumex patientia | Sorrel 'Green Blade' |
| 3315 | Rumex sanguineus | Red-veined Sorrel 'Red Stripe' |
| 3250 | Salvia officinalis | Sage |
| 3050 | Satureja hortensis | Summer Savory |
| 3270 | Thymus vulgaris | Thyme 'German Winter' |
| 3275 | Thymus vulgaris | Summer Thyme |
| 6020 | Trigonella foenum-graecum | Fenugreek |
| Sprout | ing seeds | |
| 9035 | Allium tuberosum | Chinese Chives |
| 9030 | Brassica oleracea | Broccoli |
| 9045 | Brassica oleracea | Red Cabbage |
| 9038 | Brassica rapa | Turnip |
| 9020 | Eruca sativa | Rocket |
| 9070 | Helianthus annuus | Sunflower |
| 9010 | Lepidium sativum | Garden Cress |
| 9015 | Lepidium sativum | Garden Cress, broadleaf |
| 9060 | Medicago sativa | Alfalfa |
| 9090 | Ocimum basilicum | Basil |
| 9036 | Pisum sativum | Green Peas |
| 9040 | Raphanus sativus | Radish 'Daikon' |
| 9041 | Raphanus sativus | Radish 'Sango Purple' |
| 9050 | Sinapis alba | White Mustard |
| 9037 | Trigonella foenum-graecum | Fenugreek |
| 9080 | Vigna radiata | Mung Bean |



| Art. | Species | Crop |
|---------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Flowers | s, annual | |
| 5030 | Agrostemma githago | Corncockle |
| 5040 | Amaranthus hypoch. x powelli | Prince's Feather |
| 5070 | Antirrhinum majus | Snapdragon |
| 5090 | Argemone polyanthemos | Crested Prickly Poppy |
| 5130 | Calendula officinalis | Pot Marigold |
| 5140 | Callistephus chinensis | China Aster, single-flowered |
| 5150 | Callistephus chinensis | China Aster, double-flowered |
| 5160 | Callistephus chinensis | China Aster 'Matsumoto Mix' |
| 5170 | Carthamus tinctorius | Safflower |
| 5180 | Centaurea cyanus | Cornflower |
| 5270 | Consolida ajacis | Doubtful Knight's Spur |
| 5290 | Cosmos bipinnatus | Garden Cosmos |
| 5300 | Cosmos sulphureus | Sulfur Cosmos |
| 5340 | Delphinium grandiflorum | Siberian Larkspur |
| 5370 | Dracocephalum moldavicum | Moldavian Dragonhead |
| 5390 | Eschscholzia caespitosa | Foothill Poppy |
| 5400 | Eschscholzia californica | Californian Poppy |
| 5450 | Helianthus annuus | Sunflower, large-flowered |
| 5460 | Helianthus annuus | Sunflower, medium, yellow |
| 5470 | Helianthus annuus | Sunflower, medium, red |
| 5480 | Helianthus annuus | Sunflower 'Velvet Queen' |
| 5490 | Helianthus debilis | Cucumberleaf Sunflower |
| 5530 | Ipomoea purpurea | Common Morning-Glory |
| 5540 | Lathyrus odoratus | Sweet Pea |
| 5550 | Lavatera trimestris | Annual Mallow |
| 5590 | Linum usitatissimum | Flax, blue |
| 5620 | Lupinus nanus | Dwarf Lupin |
| 5640 | Malva sylvestris | Common Mallow 'Mauritanica' |
| 5650 | Matricaria chamomilla | Chamomile |
| 5730 | Nigella damascena | Love-in-a-mist |
| 5750 | Papaver rhoeas | Common Poppy |
| 5770 | Papaver rhoeas | Common Poppy, mixed |
| 5780 | Papaver somniferum | Opium Poppy, white |
| 5775 | Papaver somniferum | Opium Poppy 'Black Paeony' |
| 5790 | Papaver somniferum | Opium Poppy, red |
| 5850 | Salvia viridis | Annual Clary Sage, purple |
| 5860 | Salvia viridis | Annual Clary Sage, pink |
| 5950 | Tagetes patula | French Marigold, wild |
| 5940 | Tagetes patula nana | French Marigold, small-flowered |
| 6030 | Tropaeolum majus | Garden Nasturtium, non-trailing |
| 6040 | Tropaeolum majus | Garden Nasturtium, trailing |
| | | , 0 |

| Art. | Species | Crop | |
|-------|------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| 6050 | Vaccaria hispanica | Cow Herb, white | _ |
| 6060 | Vaccaria hispanica | Cow Herb, pink | |
| 6070 | Viola tricolor | Wild Pansy | |
| Flowe | rs, perennial | | |
| 7050 | Agastache foeniculum | Anise Hyssop | |
| 7060 | Alcea rosea | Hollyhock, mixed | |
| 7230 | Dianthus barbatus | Sweet William | |
| 7300 | Dipsacus fullonum | Wild Teasel | |
| 7320 | Echinacea purpurea | Purple Coneflower | |
| 7322 | Echinacea purpurea | Coneflower 'White Swan' | |
| 7820 | Salvia sclarea | Biennial Clary Sage | |
| Flowe | r mixtures | | |
| 6090 | - | Field Flowers, mixture | |
| 5091 | - | Field Margin Flower Mixture 'M1' | |
| 5092 | - | Field Margin Flower Mixture 'M2' | |
| 6100 | - | Flower Mixture, high | |
| 3110 | - | Flower Mixture, medium-high | |
| 3120 | - | Flower Mixture, low | |
| 3130 | - | Tübingen Flowers, mixture | |
| 3131 | - | Flower Mixture 'Elegance' | |
| Green | manure | | |
| 1100 | Avena strigosa | Bristle Oat | |
| 1070 | Fagopyrum esculentum | Buckwheat | |
| 1010 | Lupinus angustifolius | Blue Lupin | |
| 1060 | Ornithopus sativus | Serradella | |
| 1050 | Phacelia tanacetifolia | Phacelia | |
| 1020 | Raphanus sativus | Fodder Radish | |
| 1090 | Secale cereale | Forage Rye | |
| 1040 | Sinapis alba | White Mustard | |
| 1080 | Trifolium incarnatum | Crimson Clover | |
| 1030 | Vicia sativa | Summer Vetch | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |



Terms and Conditions

General Terms and Conditions of Sale and Delivery of De Bolster by applicable to all offers and agreements based on the recommended General Terms and Conditions of Sale and Delivery for the Seed Trade and Planting Materials Sector as drawn up by the Vegetable Seeds Department of Plantum NL. Vossenburchkade 68, 2805 PC Gouda, the Netherlands.

These terms and conditions are applicable to all offers and agreements between De Bolster by (hereinafter referred to as the Seller) and the buyer. insofar as the parties have not expressly agreed otherwise in one or more clauses of these terms and conditions.

- Article 2: Offers and agreements

 1. Offers made by the Seller are non-binding. A non-binding offer can be revoked by the Seller up to three working days from receipt of its acceptance by the buyer. Prices guoted in an offer are exclusive of sales taxes. Prices are given in euros.
- 2. The Seller reserves the right to adjust its prices periodically. Any new price quotation supersedes the former quotation as regards orders placed after the
- 3. If in an order the required quantity differs from the Seller's standard packing unit or its multiple, the Seller will be free to supply the next higher quantity. 4. All orders less than EUR 25.00 attract an administration charge of
- All weights and numbers given are net weights and numbers.

Article 3: Order documentation

When placing its order, or at the Seller's first request, the buyer must specify in writing what information, specifications and documents are required pursuant to the regulations of the country in which the delivery is made, such as those relating to:

- invoicina
- phytosanitary requirements international certificates and
- other import documents or import statements.

Article 4: Crop and processing reservation

All deliveries are subject to the usual crop and processing reservation. If the Seller invokes the crop and processing reservation for good cause, the Seller is not obliged to deliver but will endeayour to deliver pro-rata quantities or comparable alternatives. If the Seller invokes this reservation, the buyer is not entitled to any compensation whatsoever.

Article 5: Delivery

- 1. The Incoterms valid at the time the parties enter into an agreement will apply. Delivery will take place on an ex works basis
- 2. If transportation is to be left to the Seller, it will be executed in such a manner as deemed best by the Seller. Any extra costs incurred by the Seller as a result of special demands made by the buyer concerning transportation will be charged to the buyer.
- 3. Contrary to paragraph 1 of this Article, deliveries to growers or plant breeders in the Netherlands are shipped free of charge.
- 4. No returns will be accented without the Seller's prior agreement. The buyer will be responsible for any return shipping costs.

Article 6: Delivery period

The Seller is bound to deliver within a reasonable period in accordance with the sowing or planting season after the agreement has been concluded. An agreed delivery time, however, is not an expiration date. In the event of late delivery, the buyer must give the Seller written notice of default and grant the Seller a reasonable period of time within which to fulfil the agreement

Article 7: Partial deliveries

ne Seller is permitted to make partial deliveries of the products. This will not apply, however, if a partial delivery has no independent value. In the event of partial deliveries, the Seller is entitled to invoice each delivery separately.

Article 8: Retention of title

- 1. The products delivered by the Seller remain the property of the Seller until the buyer has paid for them in full. This retention of title also applies to claims the Seller may acquire against the buyer on account of the buyer's failure to meet one or more of its obligations towards the Seller
- 2. The products delivered by the Seller to which the retention of title pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article applies, may only be used or resold in the normal course of business. If they are resold, the buyer is obliged to demand retention of title from its own buyers.

 3. The buyer is not permitted to pledge or to otherwise encumber the

Article 9: Terms of payment

- Payment is due within 14 days after the invoice date. After this period the buyer will be in default, in which case the buyer will owe interest to the Seller on the overdue amount at the rate of 1% per month as of the date of default. 2. If the buyer is liquidated, declared bankrupt or granted a suspension of payment, the buyer's payment obligations will fall due immediately and the Seller will be entitled to suspend or cancel the agreement with the buyer, without prejudice to the Seller's right to seek compensation.
- 3. If partial payments have been agreed and the buyer defaults on an instalment, the full remaining amount will fall due immediately without further notice of default being required. The provisions of the last sentence of paragraph 1 of this Article will apply accordingly.
- 4. The bank transfer costs will be for the buyer's account.

Article 10: Debt collection charges
If the buyer defaults on one or more of its obligations, then all costs of debt collection, out of court or in court, will be for the buyer's account.

Article 11: Liability

- 1. In the event that, in the Seller's opinion, a complaint by the buyer is justified, the Seller will, to the extent possible and at its sole discretion and expense, either make good the damage or replace the products with non-defective products. The buyer will in that event give its full co-operation to the Seller.
- 2. The Seller will not be liable for loss or damage suffered by the buyer as a result of or otherwise related to defective products, including their packaging, unless such damage is the result of intentional misconduct or gross negligence on the part of the Seller and/or its employees.
- 3. If the Seller is liable for any damage incurred by the buyer, the Seller's liability will never exceed the amount of the invoice (excluding VAT) for the delivery concerned, as charged to the buyer. The Seller will in no event be liable for any indirect loss or damage suffered by the buyer such as (but not limited to) consequential damage or loss of profit
- 4. The Seller will furthermore in no event be liable for loss or damage caused by an alleged delay in the delivery of the products.
- 5. Any potential claim for compensation based on these General Terms and Conditions will expire in the event that no such claim has been issued to the Seller in writing within twelve months of the delivery of the products

Article 12: Use and warranty

- 1. The Seller quarantees that the products it delivers comply to the best of its ability to the relevant product specifications. However, the product specifications will not apply as a guarantee. The Seller will inform the buyer if the products delivered do not comply with the product specifications as mentioned in the Seller's catalogue for the current sales season
- 2. The Seller does not quarantee that the products it delivers to the buyer will comply with the purpose specified by the buyer. The buyer explicitly acknowledges that, even with the highest quality products, success in growing depends largely upon cultivation methods, weather and soil
- 3. Any and all guarantees made by the Seller will lapse if the buyer processes the products or has them processed, repackages the products or has them repackaged, or uses and/or stores the products incorrectly or has them used/ or stored incorrectly.

Article 13: Defects, complaint periods

- 1. The buyer will examine the products on, or as soon as possible after, delivery and will inform the Seller within eight days after delivery if the incorrect products have been delivered and/or if the quantity delivered is not the agreed quantity
- Complaints concerning visible defects to the products, including their packaging, must be reported to the Seller in writing within eight days after delivery to the buyer; complaints concerning non-visible or hidden defects to the products, including their packaging, must be reported to the Seller in writing within eight days of the date on which the alleged defect concerned was or could reasonably have been discovered by the buyer. Complaints must be described in such a manner that the Seller or a third party can verify them and must be filed stating the batch, delivery and invoice details. If the buyer does not file a complaint to the Seller in writing within the above applicable period, the buyer will no longer be entitled to any form of recovery, including
- In the event of a continuing dispute between the parties about germination. varietal purity, trueness to type, or genetic or technical purity, an assessment may be performed at the request of either party by Naktuinbouw (ISTA station), which has its registered office in Roelofarendsveen, the Netherlands, for the account of the unsuccessful party. The outcome of the assessment by Naktuinbouw will be binding for both parties, without prejudice to the parties right to submit any disputes on the consequences of this outcome to the authorities referred to in Article 20 .

Article 14: Indemnification

- The buyer will indemnify the Seller against all third party claims and rights for compensation for loss or damage caused, or allegedly caused, by or otherwise associated with goods supplied by the Seller, including claims and rights which have been submitted against the Seller in its capacity as producer of the products on the basis of any product liability regulations in any country whatsoever, except where said loss or damage is due to intentional misconduct or gross negligence on the part of the Seller.
- 2. The buyer will take out adequate insurance against all possible claims and liabilities emanating from the indemnity given in Article 14.1; the insurance will be submitted to the Seller for approval at the Seller's first request.

Article 15: Advice for cultural practices, variety descriptions,

- Any cultural advice provided by the Seller is non-binding. Descriptions and recommendations in whatever form are based as precisely as possible on experiences in trials and in practice. However, the Seller in no event accepts liability, on the basis of such information, for different results in the product grown. The buyer must determine whether the products are suitable for the intended crops and under the local conditions.
- 2. In the information supplied by the Seller, the terms below will have the following meanings:
- . Immunity: Not subject to attack by a specified pest or pathogen
- Besistance: Ability of a cultivar to limit the development of a given pest or pathogen throughout all or part of a growing cycle. Several resistance levels may generally be defined.
- · Susceptibility: Corresponds to a zero resistance level of a cultivar with respect to a given pest or nathogen.
- . Tolerance: Ability of a cultivar to tolerate the development of a pest or pathogen whilst displaying disorders that are without serious consequences for its growth, appearance and yield.

Article 16: Force maieure

- 1. Force majeure is deemed to mean circumstances beyond the Seller's control which hamper fulfilment of the agreement. If and insofar as such circumstances unreasonably hamper or block fulfilment of the agreement, this will include; strikes in companies other than that of the Seller, unofficial or political strikes in the Seller's company, general shortages of required raw materials and other materials or services necessary for the fulfilment of the agreement, unforeseeable delays at suppliers or other third parties on which the Seller depends, and general transport problems.
- 2. The Seller will inform the buyer as soon as possible in the event of force maieure conditions occurring.

3. If a force majeure condition continues for longer than two months, both parties will be entitled to terminate the agreement. In such a case, the Seller will not be obliged to provide any compensation.

Article 17: Further use/cultivation

- The buyer must not use the goods delivered for further propagation and/or reproduction of propagation material
- 2. If the goods delivered are sold on to a third party, the buyer must impose this stipulation on that third party under penalty of damages

Article 18: Usage of trademarks, logos and other symbols

- The buyer may not use trademarks, logos or other symbols used by the Seller to distinguish its products from those of other enterprises, and it may not use trademarks, logos or other symbols resembling them. This does not apply to the trading of the products in their original packaging which the Seller has, or has had, provided with trademarks, logos or other symbols.
- 2. If the goods delivered are sold on to a third party, the buyer must impose this stipulation on that third party under penalty of damages.

- 1. If a provision of these general terms and conditions is invalid, that provision will automatically be replaced by a valid provision that corresponds as closely as possible to the purport of the invalid provision.
- 2. In that case the other provisions of the general terms and conditions will remain fully valid insofar as possible.

Article 20: Settlement of disputes

In the event of any disputes arising out of or in connection with this agreement, the parties will attempt to resolve such disputes in a friendly way. Should this not be possible, the dispute will be settled by the competent first instance civil court at the domicile of the Seller, unless the applicable law referred to in Article 21 provides for another court of law. The Seller remains within its rights, however, to summon the buyer to appear in the court that is competent by law or by virtue of the applicable international treaty.

Article 21: Applicable law

All agreements between the Seller and the buyer are governed by the law of the Seller's country of domicile . Furthermore, the United Nations Convention on the International Sale of Goods will apply if the Seller and the buyer are not domiciled in the same country, in as far as this Convention does not deviate from these terms and conditions and in as far as this Convention is not inconsistent with the law in the country of the Seller.

Article 22: ISF Rules and Usages

All agreements with and/or offers for sale addressed to buyers domiciled outside the Netherlands are subject to the International Seed Federation (ISF) Rules and Usages for the Trade in Seeds for Sowing Purposes (ISF Rules and Usages, latest edition) insofar as the provisions of the ISF Rules and Usages do not differ from any of the provisions included in these terms and conditions.

